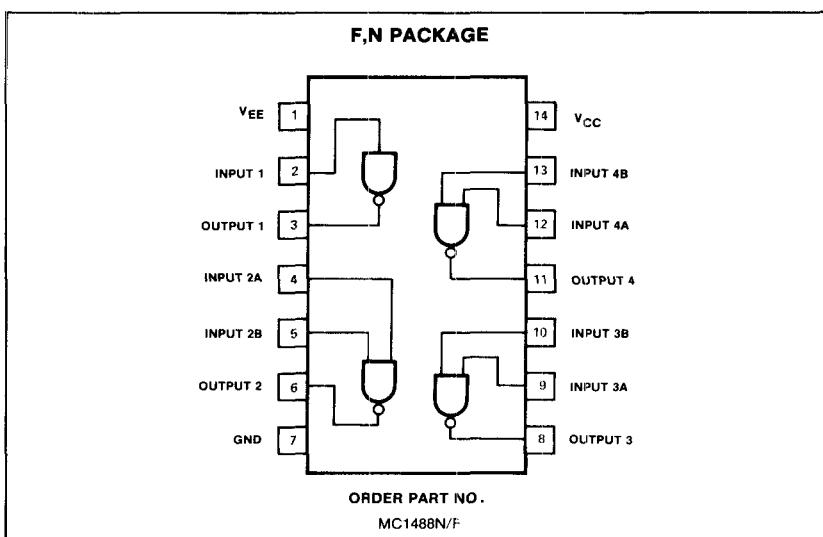


DESCRIPTION

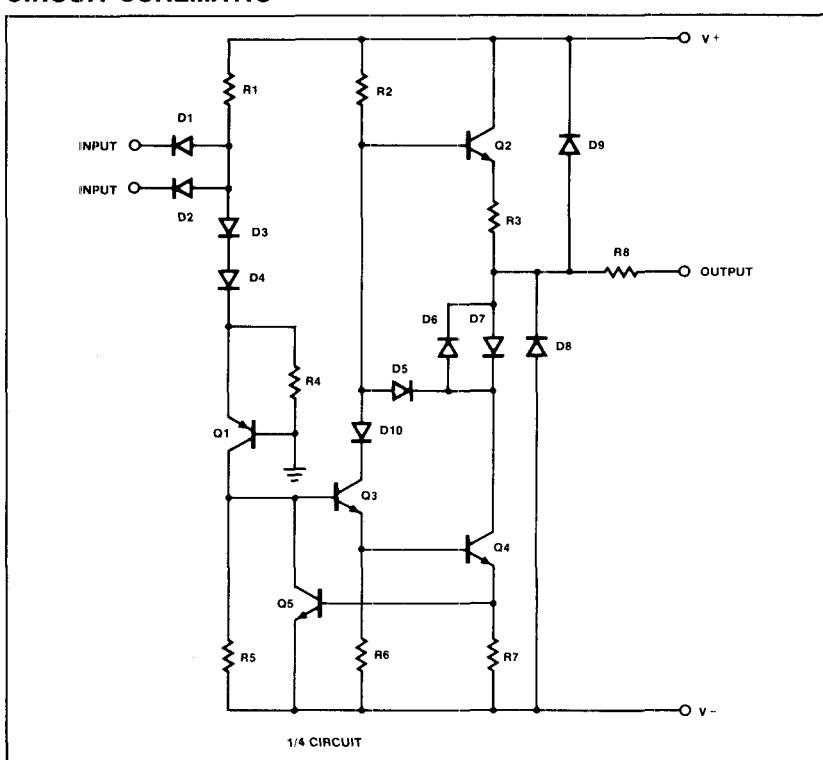
The MC1488 is a quad line driver which converts standard DTL/TTL input logic levels through one stage of inversion to output levels which meet EIA Standard No. RS-232C and CCITT Recommendation V.24.

FEATURES

- Current limited output: $\pm 10\text{mA}$ Typ
- Power-off source impedance: 300Ω Min
- Simple slew rate control with external capacitor
- Flexible operating supply range
- Inputs are DTL/TTL compatible

PIN CONFIGURATION

7

CIRCUIT SCHEMATIC

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

PARAMETER	RATING	UNIT
Supply voltage V+ V-	+15 -15	V
Input voltage (V_{IN})	$-15 \leq V_{IN} \leq 7.0$	V
Output voltage	± 15	V
Power dissipation:		
F package	1000	mW
N package	800	mW
Operating temperature range	0 to +75	°C
Storage temperature range	-65 to +150	°C
Lead temperature (soldering, 10sec)	300	°C

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS $V_+ = +9.0V \pm 1\%$, $V_- = -9.0V \pm 1\%$, $T_A = 0^\circ C$ to $+75^\circ C$

unless otherwise specified.

All typicals are for $V_+ = 9.0V$, $V_- = -9.0V$, and $T_A = 25^\circ C$.*

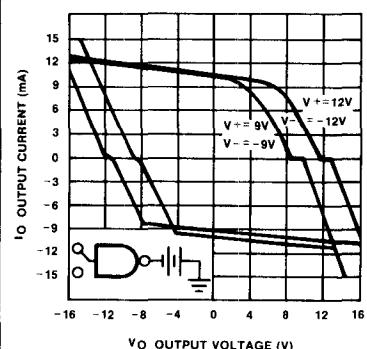
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	LIMITS			UNIT
		Min	Typ	Max	
Logic "0" input current Logic "1" input current	$V_{IN} = 0V$ $V_{IN} = +5.0V$		-1.0 .005	-1.6 10.0	mA μA
High level output voltage	$R_L = 3.0k\Omega$ $V_{IN} = 0.8V$ $V_+ = 9.0V$ $V_- = -9.0V$ $V_+ = 13.2V$ $V_- = -13.2V$	6.0 9.0	7.0 10.5		V V
Low level output voltage	$R_L = 3.0k\Omega$ $V_{IN} = 1.9V$ $V_+ = 9.0V$ $V_- = -9.0V$ $V_+ = 13.2V$ $V_- = -13.2V$	-6.0 -9.0	-6.8 -10.5		V V
High level output Short-circuit current Low level output Short-circuit current Output resistance	$V_{OUT} = 0V$ $V_{IN} = 0.8V$ $V_{OUT} = 0V$ $V_{IN} = 1.9V$ $V_+ = V_- = 0V$ $V_{OUT} = \pm 2V$	-6.0 6.0 300	-10.0 10.0	-12.0 12.0	mA mA Ω
Positive supply current (output open)	$V_{IN} = 1.9V$ $V_+ = 9.0V, V_- = -9.0V$ $V_+ = 12V, V_- = -12V$ $V_+ = 15V, V_- = -15V$		15.0 19.0 25.0	20.0 25.0 34.0	mA mA mA
Negative supply current (output open)	$V_{IN} = 0.8V$ $V_+ = 9.0V, V_- = -9.0V$ $V_+ = 12V, V_- = -12V$ $V_+ = 15V, V_- = -15V$		4.5 5.5 8.0	6.0 7.0 12.0	mA mA mA
Power dissipation	$V_+ = 9.0V, V_- = -9.0V$		-13.0	-17.0	mA
Propagation delay to "1" (t_{pd1})	$V_+ = 12V, V_- = -12V$		-18.0	-23.0	mA
Propagation delay to "0" (t_{pd0})	$R_L = 3.0k\Omega, C_L = 15pF, T_A = 25^\circ C$		-25.0	-34.0	mA
Rise time (t_r)	$R_L = 3.0k\Omega, C_L = 15pF, T_A = 25^\circ C$		-1	-15	μA
Fall time (t_f)	$R_L = 3.0k\Omega, C_L = 15pF, T_A = 25^\circ C$		-1	-15	μA
			-.01	-2.5	mA
			252	333	mW
			444	576	mW
			275	350	ns
			70	175	ns
			75	100	ns
			40	75	ns

NOTE

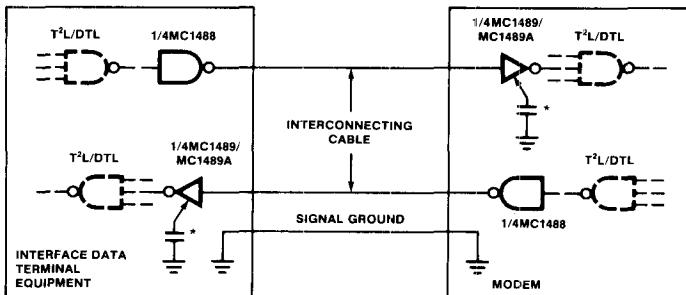
*Voltage values shown are with respect to network ground terminal. Positive current is defined as current into the referenced pin.

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

OUTPUT VOLTAGE AND CURRENT-LIMITING CHARACTERISTICS



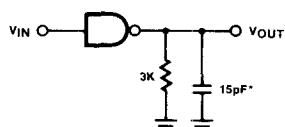
RS232C DATA TRANSMISSION



NOTE

*Optional for noise filtering

AC LOAD CIRCUIT



NOTE

*C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

APPLICATIONS

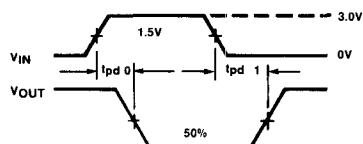
By connecting a capacitor to each driver output the slew rate can be controlled utilizing the output current limiting characteristics of the MC1488. For a set slew rate the appropriate capacitor value may be calculated using the following relationship

$$C = I_{SC} (\Delta T / \Delta V)$$

where C is the required capacitor, I_{SC} is the short circuit current value, and ΔV/ΔT is the slew rate.

RS232C specifies that the output slew rate must not exceed 30V per microsecond. Using the worst case output short circuit current of 12mA in the above equation, calculations result in a required capacitor of 400pF connected to each output.

SWITCHING WAVEFORMS

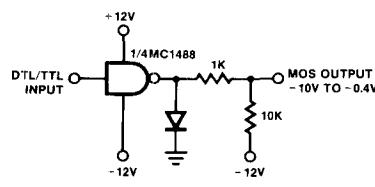


NOTE

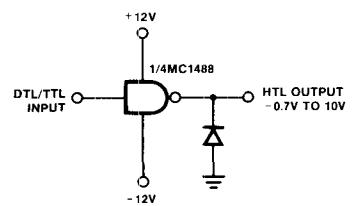
t_r and t_f are measured between 10% and 90% of the output waveform

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

DTL/TTL-TO-MOS TRANSLATOR



DTL/TTL-TO-HTL TRANSLATOR



DTL/TTL-TO-RTL TRANSLATOR

